Title: Impact of Pre-hospital care on the outcome of the children presenting to Pediatric Emergency with acute respiratory illness (ARI) in a tertiary care center from South India.

#### **Abstract**

# **Background:**

Data on impact of Pre-hospital care in pediatric emergencies are limited.

## **Objectives**:

To study the impact of pre-hospital care and transport among children admitted in Paediatric Emergency Services (PES) with ARI.

## **Methods:**

Prospective observational study including children of age >1 month to <16 years admitted in PES with ARI between January and June 2017. The effect of pre-hospital care among the "adequately treated" and "inadequately treated" was measured using PRESS score, respiratory support given and nature of admission.

## **Results:**

Of 152 children included, 80(64%) were infants. Majority (79.7%) reached PES after 48 hrs of illness. While 125 (82%) were inadequately treated, 27(18%) were adequately treated. More children in the "adequately treated" group had PRESS-severe score as compared to the inadequately treated group (18/27 vs 58/125, p = 0.05). A significantly higher number of patients in the adequately treated group required high flow oxygen (HFO) (26% Vs 16%, p =0.042). No difference was

found in the rates of advanced airway placement between the two groups (7.5% vs

1.6%, p= 0.145). PHDU and PICU admission rates were not significantly different

(11.1% vs 9.6% &7.4% vs2.4%, p=0.396).

Ambulance was the mode of transport in 11(7%) children. Of the 76 with severe

PRESS score, 10% used ambulance (8/76vs68/79,p=0.07). 18.5% of children

requiring HFO and 25% needing advanced airway were transported by ambulance

(1/4 vs 3/4, p value = 0.042).

**Conclusion:** 

Severe PRESS score and HFO requirement were significantly high among the

adequately treated group. Ambulance utilisation was significantly less even among

those with severe PRESS score and requiring advanced airway.

**Key words:** Pre hospital care, pre hospital transport, ARI, PRESS, PALS

**Abbreviation and definition:** 

**ARI** -acute respiratory illness, **PRESS** - Pediatric Respiratory Severity Score,

PALS – Pediatric Advanced Life Support guidelines. PHC-Primary health center

NIL group- Children not received Prehospital care, OP group -children received

prehospital care on outpatient basis, IP group-children received Inpatient hospital

care, Inadequately treated -NIL+OP groups, Adequately treated -Inpatient

group